# **Prepare field work for Research**

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## Outline

- Definition / purpose
- Types of field work preparation

Physical and mental

Academic

- Conclusion
- References

## Fieldwork

• To grasp the native's point of view, his relation to life, to realize his vision of his world.

Wolf & Pant (2007)

• Interacting with the real world situation and the people in them.

Yin (2011, P. 109).

## **Type of field work preparation**

- Physical and mental Preparation
  - •Paperwork
  - •Researching the field
  - •Communications and Record Keeping
  - •Things to think about
- Data tools preparation

**Edinburgh University (nd.)** 

## Paperwork

•Take permits to conduct research.

- Be prepared for additional, unexpected bureaucracy.
- Draft a timetable before you leave.
- Create a check list of everything you need to do before you

leave.

## -Edinburgh University (nd.)

## **Researching the field**

- Learn about the culture of your field-site.
- learn the language of natives or to manage some

interpreter/ translator.

• Ensure know about any possible risks in field:

protest/ social unrest/ fuel shortages etc.

• Make general sense of the routines/timetables.

Cont..

- Take note of religious/public holidays
- Find a 'social' gatekeeper or contact
- Check the transport situation is like.
- Take information on health and other basic facilities
- Be excited for the fieldwork instead as a burden.

#### -Edinburgh University (nd.)

#### **Communications and Record Keeping**

- Contact your supervisors before you leave.
- Make sure emergency contact details for supervisor.
- Tell as many people about proposed research.
- Keep a research diary/ keep a note pad for reflections.

#### -Edinburgh University (nd.)

## Things to think about

- Make contact with people in your field.
- Travel Luggage / Bags / Dress and Shoes
- Stationary
- Camera and other technical gadget/batteries/chargers/ mobile phones
- Transportation/ Routes / Timings / Important places/

Bus Stops/ Some Contacts

• Food and Water

Haider (2014).

## **Academic preparation**

The main objective of the field work is to collect the

- data from primary source
- Know about data source

InterviewQuestionnaireObservationScheduleCase StudyRatingTest etc

Preparation for field work : Preparation for data collection

Preparation for data collection : preparation for tools.

Khanal, (2064).

## **Preparation for interview**

• Interview

- Structured, un structured, semi-structured
- Face to face, one to many
- Make interview schedule
- Make question
  - Test question
    - Preparation for recorded
  - Ensure reliability and validity. Khanal (2064).

## **Preparation for questionnaire**

- What you want to measure from questionnaire
  - Intention?
  - Attitude and opinion?
  - Activity or behavior?
  - Demographic characteristic?
- Aware about :
- •Type of question

Open question Closed question Mixed question etc

## Cont..

- Length of question
- Wording in question
- Order of question
- Then, Make question related with purpose
- Ensure reliability and validity

Abbott & Kenneth (2007).

## **Preparation for observation**

• The act of watching subject carefully for a period of

time, specially to learn subject.

- Clear about what type of observation would you conduct
  - Participant observation
  - non participant observation
  - Quasi observation

Pant & Wolff (2007)

#### **Preparation for observation**

Know about

- Nature of sub/person
- Brief description about sub/person
- Make planning of observation.
- Know about social scale.
- Make a schedule/index

Pant & Wolff (2007)

## Reflection

Prepared field work : ready to give answer

- What is the study about?
- Why is the study about?
- Where is the study carried out?
- What type of data is required?
- Where can the required data found?

Cont...

- What period of time will be include?
- Who are the respondents?
- What technique of data collection will be used?
- How manage the physical necessity ?
- How ensure the validity/ and reliability of tools?

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